



Galgotias College of Engineering and Technology, Greater Noida

Pre University Test (PUT) : Odd / Even Semester 2024 - 25

Roll No. :

Course/Branch : MBA Common Semester : III
Subject Name : AI and Machine Learning for Business Max. Marks : 100
Subject Code : KMBNIT02 Time : 180min
CO-1 : To understand the need of Machine Learning & Statistics for solving various Problems.
CO-2 : To understand the basic concepts of Supervised and Unsupervised learning.
CO-3 : To apply regression analysis on the data available.
CO-4 : To design appropriate machine learning and apply on real world problems.
CO-5 : To optimize different Machine Learning & Deep Learning Techniques.

Section – A# 20 Marks(Short Answer Type Questions)

Attempt ALL the questions. Each question is of 2 marks (10 x 2 = 20 marks)

Q. No.	COX	Question Description # Attempt ALL the questions. Each Question is of 2 marks
1	a	CO1 Name two advantages of using AI. (K1)
	b	CO1 Explain historical data. (K2)
	c	CO2 Define supervised learning. (K1)
	d	CO2 Define the term "training set" in machine learning. (K1)
	e	CO3 Explain clustering in unsupervised learning. (K2)
	f	CO3 What is an association rule in data mining? (K1)
	g	CO4 Define a multilayer perceptron (MLP). (K1)
	h	CO4 What is the purpose of gradient descent in neural networks? (K1)
	i	CO5 What is the main goal of Q-learning? (K1)
	j	CO5 Define Deep Q-Learning. (K1)

Section – B# 30 Marks (Long / Medium Answer Type Questions)

Attempt ALL the questions. Each Question is of 6 marks(5 x 6 = 30 marks)

- Q.2 (CO-1) : Compare machine learning from traditional programming. (K5)
OR
Discuss challenges faced by machine learning models in terms of data quality. (K6)
- Q.3 (CO-2) : Explain the purpose of the regression line in regression analysis.(K2)
OR
Elaborate the way machine learning assist in dynamic pricing for businesses. (K6)
- Q.4 (CO-3) : Discuss K-means clustering working and its primary objective. (K6)
OR
Discuss some practical applications of unsupervised learning in different domains. (K6)
- Q.5 (CO-4) : Explain how backpropagation help train deep neural networks.(K2)
OR
Discuss the roles of pooling and fully connected layers in a convolutional neural network. (K6)
- Q.6 (CO-5) : Elaborate the role of the reward function in a Markov Decision Process (MDP).(K6)
OR
Explain how reinforcement learning applied in game-playing AI systems. (K2)

Section – C# 50 Marks (Medium / Long Answer Type Questions)

Attempt ALL the questions. Each Question is of 10 marks.

- Q.7 (CO-1) : Attempt any ONE question. Each question is of 10 marks.
- Explain the significance of data sources in AI systems and how data quality impacts model performance. (K5)
 - Identify two key issues in machine learning and explain how data science differs from machine learning in practice. (K3)
- Q.8 (CO-2) : Attempt any ONE question. Each question is of 10 marks.
- Discuss common evaluation metrics for regression models. (K6)
 - Compare Decision Trees and K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) algorithms in terms of their working principles, strengths, weaknesses and applications in classification problems. (K5)
- Q.9 (CO-3) : Attempt any ONE question. Each question is of 10 marks.
- Compare K-means clustering and DBSCAN in terms of methodology, advantages, and limitations, providing examples of when each should be used.(K5)
 - Explain the applications of unsupervised learning in domains such as healthcare, finance, and marketing highlighting the impact of clustering and association rules.(K5)
- Q.10 (CO-4) : Attempt any ONE question. Each question is of 10 marks.
- Discuss the importance of activation functions in deep learning and compare commonly used functions.(K6)
 - Explain recent applications of deep learning in fields such as healthcare, finance and autonomous systems. (K5)
- Q.11 (CO-5) : Attempt any ONE question. Each question is of 10 marks
- Explain the challenges of reinforcement learning such as exploration-exploitation trade-off and reward sparsity and discuss possible solutions. (K5)
 - Discuss how Deep Q-Learning use neural networks to approximate Q-values and its advantages. (K6)